## 109TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

## H. RES. 323

Supporting efforts to increase childhood cancer awareness, treatment, and research.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

June 15, 2005

Ms. Pryce of Ohio (for herself, Mr. Dreier, Mrs. Myrick, Mrs. Capps, Mr. Israel, Mr. Cannon, Mr. Bachus, Mr. Sessions, Mr. McCaul of Texas, Mr. Doyle, Mr. Schwarz of Michigan, Mr. Fitzpatrick of Pennsylvania, and Mr. Bishop of Georgia) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

## **RESOLUTION**

Supporting efforts to increase childhood cancer awareness, treatment, and research.

- Whereas an estimated 12,400 children will be diagnosed with cancer in the year 2005;
- Whereas cancer is the leading cause of death by disease in children under age 15;
- Whereas an estimated 2,300 children will die from cancer in the year 2005;
- Whereas the incidence of cancer among children in the United States is rising by about one percent each year;
- Whereas 1 in every 330 Americans develops cancer before age 20;

- Whereas approximately 8 percent of deaths of those between 1 and 19 years old are caused by cancer;
- Whereas while some progress has been made, a number of opportunities for childhood cancer research still remain unfunded or underfunded;
- Whereas limited resources for childhood cancer research can hinder the recruitment of investigators and physicians to pediatric oncology;
- Whereas peer-reviewed clinical trials are the standard of care for pediatrics and have improved cancer survival rates among children;
- Whereas the number of survivors of childhood cancers continues to grow, with about 1 in 640 adults between ages 20 to 39 who have a history of cancer;
- Whereas up to two-thirds of childhood cancer survivors are likely to experience at least one late effect from treatment, many of which may be life-threatening;
- Whereas some late effects of cancer treatment are identified early in follow-up and are easily resolved, while others may become chronic problems in adulthood and may have serious consequences; and
- Whereas 89 percent of children with cancer experience substantial suffering in the last month of life: Now, therefore, be it
  - 1 Resolved, That it is the sense of the House of Rep-
  - 2 resentatives that the Congress should support—
- 3 (1) public and private sector efforts to promote
- 4 awareness about the incidence of cancer among chil-

1	dren, the signs and symptoms of cancer in children
2	treatment options, and long-term follow-up;
3	(2) increased public and private investment in
4	childhood cancer research to improve prevention, di-
5	agnosis, treatment, rehabilitation, post-treatment
6	monitoring, and long-term survival;
7	(3) policies that provide incentives to encourage
8	medical trainees and investigators to enter the field
9	of pediatric oncology;
10	(4) policies that provide incentives to encourage
11	the development of drugs and biologics designed to
12	treat pediatric cancers;
13	(5) policies that encourage participation in clin-
14	ical trials;
15	(6) medical education curricula designed to im-
16	prove pain management for cancer patients; and
17	(7) policies that enhance education, services
18	and other resources related to late effects from

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treatment.

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